- (ii) Not absolute and permits exceptions so that individual needs can be addressed
- (3) The State unit may not place absolute dollar limits on specific service categories or on the total services provided to an individual.
- (c) *Duration of services.* (1) The State unit may establish reasonable time periods for the provision of services provided that the time periods are—
- (i) Not so short as to effectively deny an individual a necessary service; and
- (ii) Not absolute and permit exceptions so that individual needs can be addressed.
- (2) The State unit may not establish absolute time limits on the provision of specific services or on the provision of services to an individual. The duration of each service needed by an individual must be determined on an individual basis and reflected in that individual's IWRP.
- (d) *Authorization of services*. The State unit shall establish policies related to the timely authorization of services, including any conditions under which verbal authorization can be given.

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(Authority: Secs. 12(c), 12(e)(2)(A), and 101(a)(6) of the Act and 29 U.S.C. 711(c), 711(e)(2)(A), and 721(a)(6))

§ 361.51 Written standards for facilities and providers of services.

The State plan must assure that the designated State unit establishes, maintains, makes available to the public, and implements written minimum standards for the various types of facilities and providers of services used by the State unit in providing vocational rehabilitation services, in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) Accessibility of facilities. Any facility in which vocational rehabilitation services are provided must be accessible to individuals receiving services and must comply with the requirements of the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, the Uniform Accessibility Standards and their implementing regulations in 41 CFR part 101, subpart 101–19.6, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, and section 504 of the Act.

- (b) Personnel standards. (1) Qualified personnel. Providers of vocational rehabilitation services shall use qualified personnel, in accordance with any applicable national or State-approved or registration requirements, or, in the absence of these requirements, other comparable requirements (including State personnel requirements), that apply to the profession or discipline in which that category of personnel is providing vocational rehabilitation services.
- (2) Affirmative action. Providers of vocational rehabilitation services shall take affirmative action to employ and advance in employment qualified individuals with disabilities.
- (3) Special communication needs personnel. Providers of vocational rehabilitation services shall—
- (i) Include among their personnel, or obtain the services of, individuals able to communicate in the native languages of applicants and eligible individuals who have limited English speaking ability; and
- (ii) Ensure that appropriate modes of communication for all applicants and eligible individuals are used.
- (c) Fraud, waste, and abuse. Providers of vocational rehabilitation services shall have adequate and appropriate policies and procedures to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse.

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(Authority: Secs. 12(e)(2) (B), (D), and (E) and 101(a)(6)(B) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 711(e) and 721(a)(6)(B))

§ 361.52 Opportunity to make informed choices.

The State plan must describe the manner in which the State unit will provide each applicant, including individuals who are receiving services during an extended evaluation, and each eligible individual the opportunity to make informed choices throughout the vocational rehabilitation process in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) Each State unit, in consultation with its State Rehabilitation Advisory Council, if it has one, shall develop and implement written policies and procedures that enable each individual to